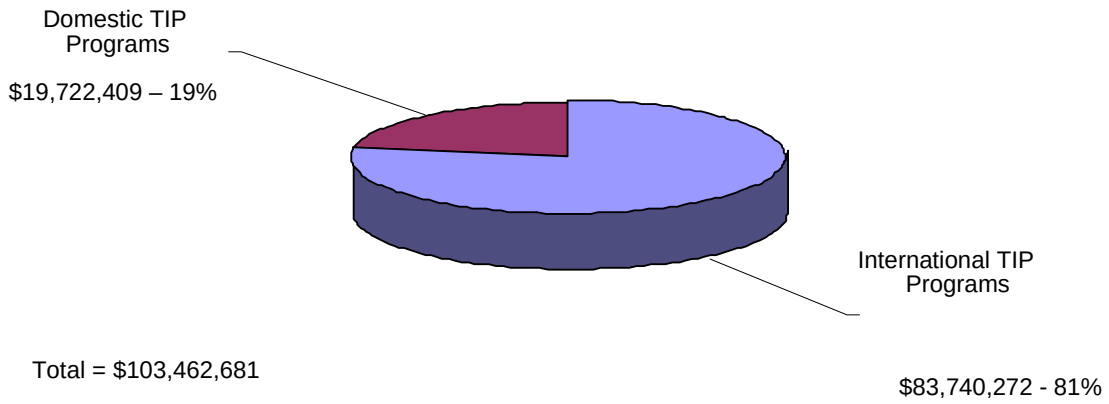
Fact Sheet
Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons
Washington, DC
May 5, 2010

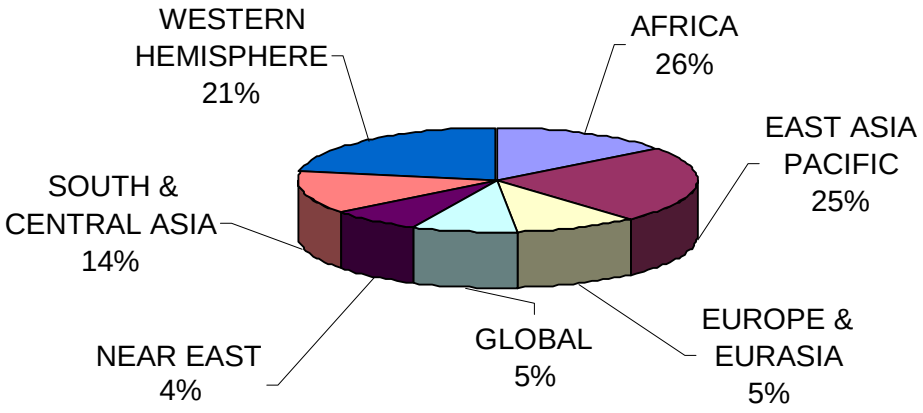
U.S. Government Anti-Trafficking in Persons Project Funding

U.S. Government Anti-Trafficking in Persons Project Funding Obligated in Fiscal Year 2009



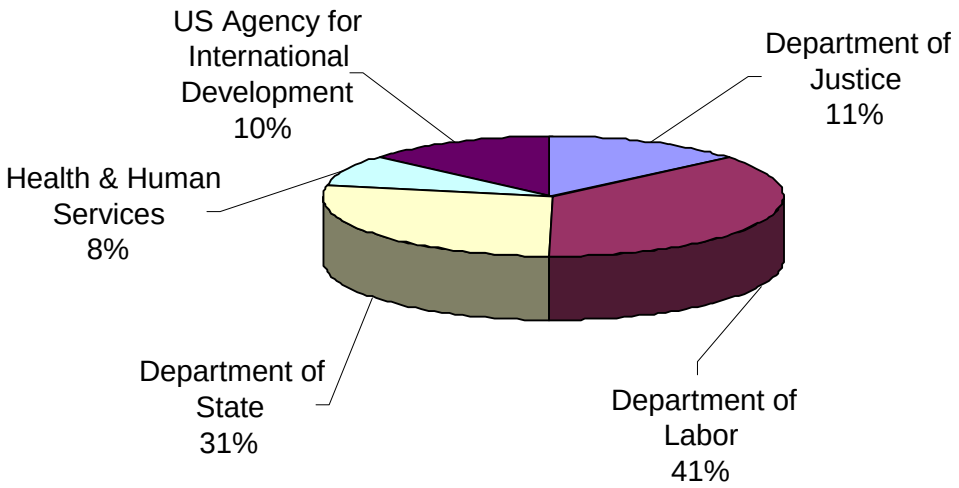
The first pie chart shows the ratio between domestic and international U.S. Government anti-trafficking in persons project funding obligated for Fiscal Year 2009. There were over 80 domestic anti-trafficking in persons projects funded in Fiscal Year 2009, representing $19,722,409 or 19 percent of the total amount. There were approximately 168 international anti-trafficking in persons projects benefiting over 80 countries in Fiscal Year 2009, representing 81 percent, or $83,740,272 of the total amount. Overall funding totaled $103,462,681.

U.S. Government Anti-Trafficking in Persons International Project Funding Obligated by Region in Fiscal Year 2009



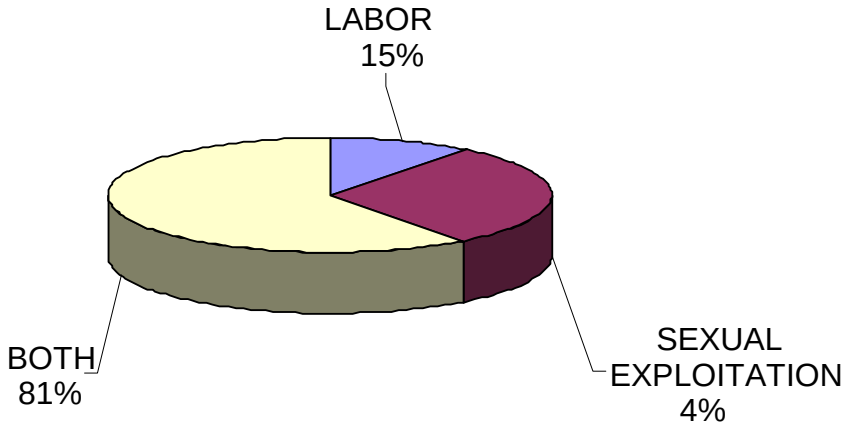
This pie chart shows Fiscal Year 09 anti-trafficking in persons international project funding percentages broken down by region: 21 percent of all projects were funded in the Western Hemisphere; 26 percent in Africa; 25 percent in East Asia and the Pacific; 5 percent in Europe and Eurasia; 4 percent in the Near East; 14 percent in South and Central Asia; and, 5 percent of all international anti-TIP projects were global in nature.

U.S. Government Agency Obligations for Anti-Trafficking in Persons Projects in Fiscal Year 2009



Several U.S. Government agencies fund anti-trafficking in persons projects. This pie chart shows the breakdown in funding by U.S. Government agency. The breakdown is as follows: 41 percent from the Department of Labor; 31 percent from the Department of State; 8 percent from Health and Human Services; 10 percent from the United States Agency for International Development; and 11 percent from the Department of Justice. This pie chart includes all anti-trafficking in persons obligations for both domestic and international projects in Fiscal Year 2009. Please note that DOL's projects primarily address trafficking as one of the worst forms of child labor. Such projects include stand alone TIP projects, but many include multi-faceted projects to address other worst forms of child labor in addition to trafficking. In these projects, the funds cannot be disaggregated.

U.S. Government Anti-Trafficking in Persons Obligated Project Funding by Type of Trafficking in Fiscal Year 2009



U.S. Government anti-trafficking in persons projects may focus on combating a particular type of trafficking. This last pie chart depicts U.S. government anti-trafficking in persons project funding by type of trafficking: 4 percent of all project funding focused on combating sex trafficking; 15 percent focused on trafficking for labor; and 81 percent of project funding focused on both trafficking for labor and for sexual exploitation. This pie chart shows that a majority of TIP projects cover trafficking for both forced labor and sexual exploitation. For past TIP program fiscal data prior to Fiscal Year 2008, link to G/TIP archives Fact Sheets: **http://2001-2009.state.gov/g/tip/rls/fs/index.htm**